

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1450 Alcassedan, Virginia 22313-1450 www.emplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
	l		1		
10/581,449	06/01/2006	Peter Huntemann	291257US0PCT	2170	
22850 OBLON, SPIV	7590 05/05/201 AK, MCCLELLAND	EXAM	EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE STREET			KASHNIKOW, ERIK		
ALEXANDRI	A, VA 22314	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		1782			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/05/2010	ELECTRONIC	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/581,449 HUNTEMANN ET AL. Office Action Summary

Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit				
		ERIK KASHNIKOW	1782				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress			
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DY MINES AND	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim- till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE!	I.  sely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,			
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12/03	V09.					
		action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)	Claim(s) 11-21 is/are pending in the application	1.					
-,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🖂	☑ Claim(s) 11-21 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P	ГО-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ol>						
	application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* ;	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachmer	* *	0 🗆	(DTO 440)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Professor's Patent Proving Review (PTO 948)		Interview Summary     Paper No(s)/Mail Da					

Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information-Disclesure Statement(s) (FTO/S008)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	A) Interview Summary (PTO-413)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date.     Notice of Informal Patent Application     Other:	
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office		

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/581,449

Art Unit: 1782

#### DETAILED ACTION

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 11-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Grimm et al. (6,387,447) in view of Kitagawa et al. (JP 63-264676).
- 3. Grimm et al. teach coatings for offshore pipes (column 2 lines 5-10).
- 4. In regards to claims 11 and 13 Grimm et al. teach that the coating for the pipes comprises polyurethane formed from an isocyanate compound, hollow microbeads, as well as a polyol (OH number 36) and castor oil component (example 1).
- In regards to claim 12 Grimm et al. teach the addition of diethylene glycol to the mixture for forming the polyurethane (example 1).
- In regards to claim 15 Grimm et al. teach a coating thickness of 45mm for the polyurethane layer (column 4 line 25).
- In regards to claim 16 Grimm et al. teach the process for forming the offshore pipe (column 3 line 31 to column 4 line 32).
- While Grimm et al. teach the pipe and the process for making the pipe as discussed above they are silent regarding Applicant's desired concentrations and viscosity.

Application/Control Number: 10/581,449 Page 3

Art Unit: 1782

 Kitagawa et al. teach pipes for use in an undersea environment (ABS) wherein the pipe is coated by a polyurethane coating (column 1 lines 9-11).

- 10. In regards to claims 11 and 17-20 Kitagawa et al. teach that the polymeric elastomers can be polyurethane (Constitution). Kitagawa et al. teach that the polyurethane can be formed from a mixture that includes a polyisocyanate, castor oil and a polyol (Constitution). Croft teaches that the castor oil be present at concentrations of 50-95 percent by weight which overlaps with applicant's ranges.
- 11. In regards to claim 21 as Grimm et al, and Kitagawa et al. teach the same materials in the instantly claimed concentrations they would necessarily have the same hydrolytic stability. It is further noted that the Kitagawa et al. reference specifically mention that the pipes coated with the coating of their invention have improved properties when exposed to salt water (ABS).
- 12. In regards to claim 14 absent a showing of criticality with respect to "viscosity" (a result effective variable), it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to adjust the "viscosity" through routine experimentation to values, including those presently claimed, in order to achieve "an optimal viscosity of the reactive mixture which allows for effective coating of the pipe". It has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).
- 13. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would be motivated to modify the coated pipes of Grimm et al. with the polymer of Kitagawa et al, because the pipe of Grimm et al. which are able to withstand pressures of 50 bar and temperatures

Art Unit: 1782

above 120°C would benefit from the increased physical, chemical and salt water resistance of the coating of Kitagawa et al.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are
moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. It is further noted that the new
secondary reference teaches a castor oil range that overlaps with Applicants instantly
claimed range. It is noted that the Kitagawa et al. reference does disclosed increased
saltwater stability.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ERIK KASHNIKOW whose telephone number is (571)270-3475. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:30-5:00PM EST (Second Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye can be reached on (571) 272-3186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/581,449 Page 5

Art Unit: 1782

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Erik Kashnikow Examiner Art Unit 1782

/Rena L. Dye/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1782